



Mark Scheme (Results)

October 2023

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Subsidiary Level In Biology (WBI12) Paper 01 Unit 2: Cells, Development, Biodiversity and Conservation

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PMT

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(a)	The only correct answer is A centriole	
	B is not correct because spindle fibres develop from a centriole	(1)
	C is not correct because spindle fibres develop from a centriole	
	D is not correct because spindle fibres develop from a centriole	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)	An explanation that makes reference to the following points:	accept chromosome for chromatid	(2)
	 {crossing over / recombination} has occurred (1) 	accept recombinants have formed? accept description of crossing over which isn't specific to A/B	
	 (resulting in) B is a recombinant chromatid / chromatid B contains {genetic information/ alleles} from {chromatid D / another chromatid / non-sister chromatid} (1) 	accept converse for chromatid A accept gene accept B contains part of {D /another chromatid} ignore exchange of alleles between maternal and paternal {chromatids / chromosomes} ignore (crossing over) of non-sister chromatids unqualified need to be clear which chromatids they are referring to	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(c)	 An answer that includes the following points: one or two cells correct (1) 3rd cell correct (1) 	Example of diagram explain why we are allowing after meiosis I in report	(2)
		X X	



Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
2(a)	A calculation in which:	Example of calculation:	
			(2)
	 conversion of actual length of scale into µm (1) 	29 to 30 mm = 29 000 to 30 000 (μm)	
	 calculation of magnification to two significant figures (1) 	(29000 ÷ 20) = ×1450 = × 1400 OR 1500	
		incorrect unit = max 1	
		please note they may convert the 20 µm	
		into mm or cm e.g. measurement ÷ 0.02	
		ect for correct measurement incorrectly	
		converted in working, ÷ 20 and then given	
		to 2 sig fig, e.g. 150	
		ect for everything correct with an	
		incorrect measurement shown in working	
		(remember 5 is rounded down OR up)	
		Accept correct standard form to 2 sig fig	
		Correct answer scores full marks	

these are most common incorrect responses – but please don't rely on this – always use the MS as your guide

1 mark	2 marks
1450	1400
	$1.4 \ge 10^3$
ecf for correct measurement incorrectly converted in working , ÷ 20 and then given to 2 sig fig, e.g. 150	
ecf for everything correct with an incorrect measurement shown in working (remember 5 is rounded	1500
down OR up) e.g. 45 000÷ 20 = 2 300	$1.5 \ge 10^3$
OR e.g. 110 ÷ 0.02 = 5500	
correct answer with incorrect unit	
29 000 to 30 000 (μm)	
2.9×10^4 to 3.0×10^4	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
2(b)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following points:		
	 {generative nucleus / it} (divides to) form two (male) {nuclei / gametes} (1) double fertilisation occurs (1) 	ignore sperm cells ignore by meiosis	(3)
	 one (male) {nucleus / gamete} fuses with {female / egg cell} nucleus to result in {an embryo / a zygote} (1) 	reject generative nucleus	
	 one (male) {nucleus / gamete} fuses with (two) polar nuclei to result in endosperm formation (1) 	reject generative nucleus	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
2(c)(i)	An answer that makes reference to the following point:	accept alleles for genes	
			(1)
	 (loci of) {the genes / flower colour and pollen grain size (genes)} 	accept these gene s inherited {as single	
	being on same {chromosome / chromatid} (1)	unit / together}	
		ignore they are at the same locus	

Answer	Mark
The only correct answer is A Chi squared	(1)
B is not correct because correlation coefficient does not analyse observed phenotype frequencies and expected	

C is not correct because standard deviation does not analyse observed phenotype frequencies and expected

D is not correct because Student's t-test does not analyse observed phenotype frequencies and expected phenotype

Question

Number 2(c)(ii)

phenotype frequencies.

phenotype frequencies.

frequencies.

PMT

Additional guidance	Mark	

PMT

Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
An answer that makes reference to three of the following:	accept converse for all mp accept diagram 2 for cell wall with {secondary thickening / lignin} Mark as a whole as some statements may have more than 1 mp in them	(3)
 cell wall with secondary thickening {is thicker / has more layers} (1) 	accept cell wall with secondary thickening has greater diffusion distance accept secondary thickening layer is thinner than original cell wall	
 cell wall with secondary thickening contains lignin (1) 		
 cell wall with {secondary thickening / lignin} is {stronger / more supported / less flexible / has pits} (1) cell wall with {secondary thickening / lignin} is {waterproof / impermeable to water} (1) 	accept stability ignore cellulose giving these properties ignore harder ignore insoluble	
	 An answer that makes reference to three of the following: cell wall with secondary thickening {is thicker / has more layers} (1) cell wall with secondary thickening contains lignin (1) cell wall with {secondary thickening / lignin} is {stronger / more supported / less flexible / has pits} (1) cell wall with {secondary thickening / lignin} is {waterproof / impermeable to water} (1) 	Answer Additional guidance An answer that makes reference to three of the following: accept converse for all mp accept diagram 2 for cell wall with {secondary thickening / lignin} Mark as a whole as some statements may have more than 1 mp in them • cell wall with secondary thickening {is thicker / has more layers} (1) accept cell wall with secondary thickening layer is thinner than original cell wall • cell wall with secondary thickening contains lignin (1) accept secondary thickening layer is thinner than original cell wall • cell wall with {secondary thickening / lignin} is {stronger / more supported / less flexible / has pits} (1) accept stability ignore cellulose giving these properties ignore harder • cell wall with {secondary thickening / lignin} is {waterproof / impermeable to water} (1) ignore insoluble

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(b)(i)	The only correct answer is B one	(1)
	A is not correct because cellulose molecules form microfibrils, molecules do not contain 1,6 glycosidic bonds and do not contain α-glucose	
	C is not correct because cellulose molecules form microfibrils, molecules do not contain 1,6 glycosidic bonds and do not contain α-glucose	
	D is not correct because cellulose molecules form microfibrils, molecules do not contain 1,6 glycosidic bonds and do not contain α-glucose	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to the following points:	ignore cellulose	(2)
	 (secondary thickening involves addition of) lignin (1) 	accept lignified / lignification	
	• which results in (increased) strength (1) IMP	accept more rigid/ rigidity / waterproof / impermeable to water ignore support / harder	

Question	Answer Additional guidance	Mark
Number		
3(c)	A description that makes reference to the following points:	
		(2)
	allows {movement of named substances / communication} (1) e.g. water, inorganic ions, mineral ions ignore nutrients	
	 between (adjoining) cells / to other tissues / out of xylem / into xylem (1) IMP accept {lateral / sideways} movement ignore movement {up/through} xylem accept connects xylem vessels 	
	lateral movement of water = 2 marks	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
4(a)(i)	• Archaea and Eukarya	mark first 2 answers only both required for the mark irrespective of which line	(1)
		accept eukaryote / eukaryotes/ eukaryota etc accept phonetic spellings	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
4(a)(ii)	A calculation in which:	Example of calculation:	
			(2)
	correct calculation (1)	20 000 000 ÷ 300 = 66666.66667	
		or 20 ÷ (3 x10 ⁻⁴) = 66666.66667	
		mark for either LHS or RHS of calculation	
		watch out as some convert both numbers	
		to a common unit for some reason!	
	 conversion to standard form (1) 	$= 6.7 \times 10^4 / 6.67 \times 10^4 / 7 \times 10^4$	
		6.667 × 10 ⁴ / 6.6667 × 10 ⁴ are 1mark as	
		too many dp	
		factor of 10 error in standard form = 1	
		mark (must be 6.7 or 7 x 10 ^x NOT 0.67/eq)	
		1 mark for 1.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	
		no credit for any other incorrect answer	
		converted into standard form	
		Correct answer scores full marks	

most common responses – but please follow MS at all times for other answers.

0	1	2
6.7	20 000 000 ÷ 300	6.7×10^4
7	20 ÷ (3 x10 ⁻⁴)	6.67×10^4
6.6 x 10 ^{incorrect number}	66666.66667 or correctly rounded to any or no dp e.g.66667 etc	$7 \times 10^4 \text{ OR } 7.0 \times 10^4$
6667	1.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	
	{7 or 6.7 or 6.67 or other correct} $\times 10^{\times}$	
	6.6×10^4	
	6.667×10^4	
	6.6667×10^4	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)	An answer that makes reference to the following points:	allow weird spellings of pepins e.g. pepsin	(3)
	 (because circular DNA) contains {genes / alleles/ bases/ genetic information} which will be {copied onto mRNA / transcribed / codes for a protein / codes for a sequence of amino acids} (1) 	accept where transcription occurs / (pre-) mRNA formation accept contains {genes / alleles/ bases/ genetic information} ignore codes for an amino acid	
	 (because) ribosomes will translate mRNA base sequence into an amino acid sequence (1) 	accept translation occurs (at the ribosomes) / description of translation / formation of peptide bonds ignore protein synthesis as in Q stem reject transcription	
	• correct role of membrane (1)	e.g. partially permeable / {compartmentalise / encloses} the {DNA / ribosomes} from the cytoplasm / formation of vesicles / fusing of vesicles to release proteins / control what {enters/leaves} (pepins) unqualified ignore controls what {enters/leaves} cell ignore protects {DNA / ribosomes} reject exocytosis out of cell but accept exocytosis unqualified	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
4(c)(i)	An explanation that makes reference to the following points:		(2)
	 (optimum temperature) for fastest {enzyme / metabolic} reaction (1) 	accept {fast er /optimum/ increase? / more / peak} {enzyme rate of reaction / product formation / collisions between enzyme and substrate} ignore for enzyme reactions to occur unqualified accept prevent denaturing	
	 (water) for {hydrolysis (reactions) / solvent / prevent dehydration} (1) 	ignore transport ignore photosynthesis / respiration accept contains (dissolved) oxygen accept maintain {turgidity / rigidity}	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)(ii)	 An explanation that makes reference to three of the following points: as oxygen percentage increases the growth rate of A decreases whereas B increases (1) 	piece together accept converse for lower oxygen concentrations accept correct correlations	(3)
	 (B growth rate increases because) it is an (obligate) aerobe} / performs aerobic respiration / it requires oxygen for (aerobic) respiration / (1) Growth rate of type B levels off because {oxygen is in excess / another factor is limiting growth} (1) (A growth rate decreases because) it is an anaerobe / 	ignore requires oxygen {unqualified / for growth} accept A is outcompeted by B	
	A respires anaerobically / high oxygen percentage {inhibits growth (of A) / is toxic (to A)} / (1)	ignore does not require oxygen {unqualified / for growth} ignore doesn't need oxygen for metabolic reactions ignore it lives in anaerobic conditions	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
5(a)(i)	The only correct answer is D xylem	(1)
	A is not correct because magnesium ions are transported in the xylem	
	B is not correct because plasmodesmata is not a tissue	
	C is not correct because magnesium ions are transported in the xylem	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
5(a)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to the following points:		(3)
	 magnesium (ions) are needed for the formation of {chlorophyll / chloroplasts} (1) 	accept magnesium (ions) are needed for {activation of enzymes / protein synthesis}	
	 (yellow leaves are due to) {fewer / no} {chlorophyll (molecules) / chloroplasts / green pigments} (1) 	less Mg=less chlorophyll = mp1&2 less chlorophyll linked to magnesium = mp1&2 accept fewer activated enzymes	
	 (reduced growth is due to) {reduced / no} {production of glucose / carbohydrate / photosynthesis} (1) need clear statement 	accept {no/reduced} {metabolic reactions / respiration} if linked to the mp1AG only	

Question Answer Number Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the *5(b) qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme. The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant. there is (a greater) increase in mean leaf area with eggshells / increase is exponential with eggshells similar increase in mean leaf area from day 10-17 (for vine plants with and without eggshells) there is (a greater) increase in {mean shoot length / growth} with eggshells 1&2 • similar increase in mean shoot length from day 10-25 (for vine plants with and without eggshells) there is a greater chlorophyll content with eggshells • no data from leaf area / shoot length beyond {52-55} days • relevant comment on {error/SD} bars e.g. overlap between xxx and xxx therefore no significant difference / no overlap between xxx and xxx therefore significant difference / correct comment about error bar size linked to {reliability / validity} (because crushed eggshells contain) calcium (ions) needed to form calcium pectate 3 calcium pectate {joins adjacent cells together / involved in forming middle lamella} greater leaf area results in more {chlorophyll / chloroplasts/ light absorption} greater leaf area results in increased photosynthesis more {chlorophyll / light absorption} results in increased photosynthesis 4 increased {shoot/growth} results in more {light absorption / photosynthesis} more photosynthesis results in more growth ٠ more {photosynthesis / chlorophyll} results in more {glucose production / chemical energy store} 5 more glucose results in more growth {glucose / chemical energy store} can be used in {respiration to provide ATP} / ATP needed for mitosis 6 glucose can be converted into {amino acids / glycerol} increased protein synthesis would result in increased {growth / fruit production/chlorophyll production} only need increased once (increased) calcium pectate would result in (increased) {growth of {plant / leaves} / support / strength / stability} cost of adding eggshells / comparison of cost with traditional fertiliser 8 eggshells {more sustainable (as using waste product) / renewable resource / biodegradable} / deter pests such as slugs ٠

		PMT

			(6)
			Additional guidance
Level 0	0	No awardable content	
Level 1	1-2	Demonstrates isolated elements of biological knowledge and understanding to the given context with generalised comments made. Vague statements related to consequences are made with limited linkage to a range of scientific ideas, processes, techniques and procedures. The discussion will contain basic information with some attempt made to link knowledge and understanding to the given context.	description of data 1 mark – description of at least one graph 2 marks – description of at least two graphs
Level 2	3-4	Demonstrates adequate knowledge and understanding by selecting and applying some relevant biological facts / concepts. Consequences are discussed which are occasionally supported through linkage to a range of scientific ideas, processes, techniques and procedures. The discussion shows some linkages and lines of scientific reasoning with some structure.	Level 1 plus linkages of chlorophyll content/leaf area/shoot length to light absorption or photosynthesis plus linkage of calcium ions to calcium pectate
Level 3	5-6	Demonstrates comprehensive knowledge and understanding by selecting and applying relevant biological facts / concepts. Consequences are discussed which supported throughout by sustained linkage to a range of scientific ideas, processes, techniques and procedures. The discussion shows a well-developed and sustained line of scientific reasoning which is clear and logically structured.	Level 2 plus consideration of the benefits of increased {glucose/protein/calcium pectate} to the plant and the cost involved / other benefits of eggshells

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
6(a)(i)	 role of an organism in its {environment / habitat / ecosystem} (1) 	accept species/octopus etc for organism ignore animal ACCEPT niche includes all of the abiotic and biotic aspects of the (organisms) habitat (1)	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
6(a)(ii)		accept phonetic spellings	
	 anatomical / physiological (1) 	accept anatomic	(1)
		ignore physical	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(iii)	 An answer that makes reference to the following points: (looking like a flat fish) therefore {more likely to catch prey / reduce risk of predation / camouflaged} (1) 	accept {predators / prey} will not {see / recognise} them / hide from predators / blend into environment / lure prey / enter flat openings accept they can get among flat fish to prey on them ignore reduce {competition / predation} from flat fish ignore hide unqualified	(2)
	 (looking like a venomous sea snake) reduced predation / less likely to be eaten / predators would avoid venomous prey (1) 	accept protection from {predators / sea snakes} increase survival chance accept scare predators away / deter predators / look like a predator instead of prey ignore defending themselves with venom/eq General Marking Guidance • All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first	
		candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.	

	Mark schemes should	
	be applied positively.	
	Candidates must be	
	rewarded for what	
	they have shown they	
	can do rather than	
	penalised for	
	omissions.	
	Examiners should	
	mark according to the	
	mark scheme not	
	according to their	
	perception of where	
	the grade boundaries	
	may lie.	
	There is no ceiling on	
	achievement. All	
	marks on the mark	
	scheme should be	
	used appropriately.	
	All the marks on the	
	mark scheme are	
	designed to be	
	awarded. Examiners	
	should always award	
	full marks if deserved,	
	i.e. if the answer	

		matches the mark	
		scheme. Examiners	
		should also be	
		prepared to award	
		zero marks if the	
		candidate's response	
		is not worthy of credit	
		according to the mark	
		scheme.	
	•	Where some	
		judgement is	
		required, mark	
		schemes will provide	
		the principles by	
		which marks will be	
		awarded and	
		exemplification may	
		be limited.	
	•	When examiners are	
		in doubt regarding the	
		application of the	
		mark scheme to a	
		candidate's response,	
		the team leader must	
		be consulted.	
	•	Crossed out work	
		should be marked	

UNLESS the candidate
has replaced it with an
alternative response.

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6(b)(i)	The only correct answer is A control	(1)
	B is not correct because the current pain-relieving drug is used as a control	
	C is not correct because the current pain-relieving drug is used as a control	
	D is not correct because the current pain-relieving drug is used as a control	

		PMT

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
6(b)(ii)	A description that makes reference to four of the following points:		
			(4)
	 (stage l) testing on healthy {people / volunteers} (without 	accept computer modelling	
	cancer) (1)	accept testing on {human cells /	
		human tissues / animals}	
	 (stage III) testing on {1000 to 3000 / large number of} 	ignore patients unqualified	
	cancer patients (1)	ignore patients with {pain/ disease}	
	 double blind trial (1) even if in stage II 	accept description of double blind	
	• analysis of results with (appropriate) statistical test / test for	accept peer review by scientists	
	significant difference / review by independent (scientists /	ignore {comparing results / analysis}	
	medics/EDA) (to see if work can progress to next stage) (1)	unqualified	
	medicar Dry (to see it work can progress to next stage) (1)		
	• identification of appropriate (concentrations (dosage) (1)	accent sidentification of / rule out	
		(side offects (adverse reactions (
		(side effects / adverse reactions /	
		toxicity / how drug is metabolised}	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(c)	An answer that makes reference to four of the following points:		(4)
	 idea that both drugs provide pain relief / current drug provides 35 hours of pain relief / tetrodoxin provides 460(+) hours of pain relief / few patients experience the longest pain relief (1) 	Piece together accept {same trend / largest decrease} {at the beginning / suitable stated time} accept linear decrease for current pain- reliving drug whereas {non-linear / exponential} decrease for tetrodoxin	
	• tetrodoxin more effective pain relief drug / converse (1)	accept tetrodoxin {has longer period of pain relief / lasts longer / is better pain relief drug} / converse awarding mp2 means mp1 as well	
	 consideration of subjective nature of {pain / duration of pain relief} (1) 	e.g. different people have different pain tolerance	
	 {small sample size / no repeats / no SD / no error bars / no statistical test} linked to {validity/reliability/ significance} (1) 	accept carried out on (only) {100 to 500} (cancer) patients / each group contained (only) {50 to 250) (cancer) patients ignore no information about sample size	
	 no information on age / sex / lifestyle / type of cancer / dosage / side effects etc (1) 	accept gender	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
7(a)(i)		
	The only correct answer is D a solid ball of totipotent cells	(1)
	A is not correct because a morula is not a hollow balls of cells	
	B is not correct because a morula is not a hollow balls of cells	
	C is not correct because a morula contains totipotent cells	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
7(a)(ii)	An answer that makes reference to the following points:	candidates may refer to morula / blastocyst / zygote / embryo	(1)
	 (source of) {fatty acids / glycerol / lipids / amino acids / substrate / glucose / energy / ATP} <u>for</u> {respiration / metabolic reactions / protein synthesis / growth of embryo / development of embryo / new cells / mitosis} 	ignore nutrients / food accept a source or store of something relevant and then a relevant reason why Please note energy & ATP could be in LHS or RHS bracket e.g. energy for mitosis / lipids as a source of energy	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(b)	 A description that makes reference to five of the following points: differential gene expression occurred (1) 	accept muscle cells for skeletal muscle cells	(5)
	 only genes needed for skeletal muscle cell formation are {active / switched on} (1) 	accept genes not required in skeletal muscle cells are switched off	
	 due to {epigenetic modification / histone modification / DNA methylation} (1) 	accept transcription factors accept description e.g. acetyl group added to histone	
	 only {active / switched on/ skeletal muscle} genes are transcribed (into mRNA) (1) 	accept correct references to splicing of pre-mRNA accept responses which merge mp3 and mp4 together correctly e.g. acetylation of the gene allows it to be transcribed	
	• translation (of mRNA) occurs (at the ribosome) (1)		
	 (resulting in) formation of proteins needed in {skeletal muscle cells / mitochondria / muscle contraction} (1) 	accept named {proteins / structures} in skeletal muscle cells accept proteins produced (permanently) modify the cell into a skeletal muscle cell	

PMT

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
7(c)(i)	A calculation in which:	Example of calculation:	
			(2)
	 reading value from graph and subtracting (1) 	100 – 5 = 95 or 5% of 2000 =100	
	 calculation of number of cells in interphase 	(95÷ 100) × 2000 = 1900	
		1832 = 1 mark (for correct calculation	
		done with OVCAR5 value)	
		ecf for wrong number from graph	
		between 4.8 to 5.2 = 1896 to 1904	
		Correct answer scores full marks	

These are the most common credit worthy responses – but please follow the MS at all times for other responses

1	2
100	1900
95	
1832	
1896	
1897	
1898	
1899	
1901	
1902	
1903	
1904	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
7(c)(ii)		
	The only correct answer is A HOC8	(1)
	B is not correct because OVCAR5 does not have the highest mitotic index	
	C is not correct because OVCAR8 does not have the highest mitotic index	
	D is not correct because SKOV3 does not have the highest mitotic index	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(c)(iii)	An explanation that makes reference to the following points:		(2)
	 (use of embryonic stem cells) means destruction of an embryo (1) 	accept (use of embryonic stem cells) means the {embryo / potential life} is killed ignore harmed ignore embryo is a potential life unqualified	
	 (which some people consider to be) an {ethical / moral} issue (1) IMP 	accept the candidate's view that it is unethical / morally wrong accept the embryos cannot give consent accept {for religious reasons / against their beliefs}	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(a)(i)	• Z		(1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
8(a)(ii)		Mark 1 st answer	
	 cortical granule(s) 	accept cortical vesicle	(1)
		accept phonetic spellings	
		ignore contractile granules	
		ignore cortical enzymes	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
8(b)(i)		
	The only correct answer is B one	(1)
	A is not correct because the acrosome is a membrane bound sac containing digestive enzymes	
	C is not correct because mitochondria perform aerobic respiration and the nucleus contains linear DNA	
	D is not correct because mitochondria perform aerobic respiration and the nucleus contains linear DNA	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
8(b)(ii)			
	4.48 : 1 / 4.5:1	accept answer in range 4.3 to 4.7	(1)
		ignore 4:1	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(b)(iii)	 An answer that makes reference to the following points: the (mean) swimming speed (of sperm cells) increases as width of helical membrane increases (1) 	max 3 without reference to reed bunting or nuthatch accept swimming speed increases as membrane increases / converse accept wide helical membrane increases swimming speed / converse accept Reed bunting sperm cells will have a fast (mean) swimming speed / converse for Nuthatch	(4)
	 Reed bunting males (need sperm cells with faster swimming speeds as they) compete with other males / the female Reed bunting mates with more than one male (1) 	accept converse for Nuthatch	
	 {faster swimming sperm cells / larger helical membranes} are more likely to {fertilise egg cells / form a zygote / have their alleles inherited} (before other males' sperm) (1) 	accept converse accept selection pressure linked to either graph /table info ignore reaching egg cell first	
	 males with larger acrosome (to nucleus ratio are more likely to) {have a quicker acrosome reaction / digest the zona pellucida (more) quickly} (1) 	accept larger acrosome (to nucleus ratio) have more digestive enzymes	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
8(c)	An answer that makes reference to the following points:		(3)
	 can reproduce with any blue dragon they encounter / in any one encounter both can have fertilised eggs (1) 	ignore can mate with both males and females accept both can be fertilised / higher chance of {finding a mate / reproduction} ignore self-fertilisation accept increased {chance of fertilisation / reproductive success / fertilised gametes}	
	 increased number of {offspring produced / population} (in a certain time period) (1) IMP 	accept low risk of extinction / increase chance of survival (of species) do not award mp2 in context of self- fertilisation	
	• (sexual reproduction) increases genetic {variation / diversity} (1)	accept (sexual reproduction) allows genetic {diversity / variation} accept genetic variation means less susceptible to environmental changes ignore increased biodiversity unqualified ignore inbreeding	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(d)	• calculation of q (1)	$\sqrt{0.16} = 0.4$ (or if you see 0.6 in working)	(3)
	• calculation of number of cats with genotype BB (1)	$(0.6^2) \times 100 = 36$	
	• calculation of number of cats with genotype Bb (1)	(2 × 0.4 × 0.6) × 100 = 48	
		both correct cat numbers scores full marks no ecf	

PMT